



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION SHEET

Peptone Iron Agar (DM515)

Intended Use

Peptone Iron Agar (DM515) is recommended for detection of hydrogen sulphide production by microorganisms.

Product Summary and Explanation

Certain bacterial species have the ability to liberate sulfur from sulfur-containing amino acids or other compounds in the form of hydrogen sulphide which forms an important characteristic for their identification. Hydrogen sulphide production can be detected by incorporating a sulfur source and an H₂S indicator system in the medium.⁽¹⁾ Levine and co-workers described a medium containing proteose peptone and ferric citrate for detection of hydrogen sulfide production by coliform bacteria. They demonstrated that such a medium served to differentiate strains that were Voges-Proskauer negative, methyl-red positive and citrate positive from other members of the *Enterobacteriaceae*.^(2, 3) Levine reported that ferric citrate was a much more sensitive indicator of hydrogen sulfide production than lead acetate, producing a medium that gave definite reactions within 12 hours. Peptone Iron Agar is a modification of Levine's original formula in which peptone has been included with proteose peptone and the more soluble ferric ammonium citrate is used in place of ferric citrate. This medium utilizes sodium thiosulphate, an inorganic compound as a supplemental source of sulfur and ferric ammonium citrate as the H₂S indicator in the medium. Tittsler and Sandholzer⁽⁴⁾ compared Peptone Iron Agar with lead acetate agar for the detection of hydrogen sulfide and found that Peptone Iron Agar had the advantage of giving earlier reactions and clearer results.

Principles of the Procedure

Peptone Iron Agar contains peptic digest of animal tissue and proteose peptone provide carbonaceous and nitrogenous compounds, including trace elements. Sodium thiosulphate and ferric ammonium citrate are used to detect H₂S production. Sulphide is released from thiosulphate due to the action of bacterial enzymes. This sulphide then couples with a hydrogen ion to form H₂S, which then reacts with the ferric ions from ferric ammonium citrate to produce insoluble heavy metal sulphides that appear as a black precipitate. Sodium glycerophosphate buffers the medium.

Formula / Liter

Ingredients	Gms / Liter
Peptic digest of animal tissue	15.00
Proteose peptone	5.00
Ferric ammonium citrate	0.50
Sodium glycerophosphate	1.00
Sodium thiosulphate	0.08
Agar	15.00
Final pH: 6.7 ± 0.2 at 25°C	
Formula may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications	

Precautions

1. For Laboratory Use only.
2. IRRITANT. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin.





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Directions

1. Suspend 36.58 grams of the medium in one liter of distilled water.
2. Heat to boiling, to dissolve the medium completely.
3. Autoclave at 121°C, 15 psi pressure, for 15 minutes / validated cycle.
4. Allow the tubed medium to cool in an upright position or in a slanting position to form slants.

Quality Control Specifications

Dehydrated Appearance	Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder
Prepared Medium	Light amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in tubes as slants
Reaction of 3.66% Solution	pH : 6.7 ± 0.2 at 25°C
Gel Strength	Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

Expected Cultural Response: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.

Sr. No.	Organisms	Results to be achieved	
		Inoculum (CFU)	H ₂ S Production
1.	<i>Escherichia coli ATCC 25922</i>	50 - 100	negative reaction, no blackening of medium
2.	<i>Enterobacter aerogenes ATCC 13048</i>	50 - 100	negative reaction, no blackening of medium
3.	<i>Salmonella Typhi ATCC 6539</i>	50 - 100	positive reaction, blackening of medium
4.	<i>Salmonella Enteritidis ATCC 13076</i>	50 - 100	positive reaction, blackening of medium

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.

Test Procedure

1. Obtain a pure culture of a test organism. With help of an inoculating needle pick the center of a single colony.
2. Using stab method, inoculate a tube of Peptone Iron Agar. Stab the needle to within 1/4 to 1/2 inch of the bottom. Withdraw the needle following the initial line of inoculation.
3. Incubate tubes at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.
4. Read tubes for growth and hydrogen sulfide production.

Results

1. Any blackening of the medium along the line of inoculation or throughout the butt indicates hydrogen sulfide production.
2. Refer to appropriate references and procedures for a complete discussion of the identification of coliform bacteria.

Storage

Store the sealed bottle containing the dehydrated medium at 10 - 30°C. Once opened and recapped, place container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light.





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Expiration

Refer to the expiration date stamped on the container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if the appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

Limitations of the Procedure

1. For identification, organisms must be in pure culture. Morphological, biochemical and/or serological tests should be performed for final identification.
2. Consult appropriate texts for detailed information and recommended procedures.

Packaging

Product Name : Peptone Iron Agar

Product Code : DM515

Available Pack sizes : 100gm

References

1. Koneman E. W, Allen S. D., Janda W. M., Schreckenberger P. C., Winn W.C. Jr., 1992, Colour Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology, 4th Ed, J. B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia.
2. Levine, Vaughn, Epstein and Anderson. 1932. Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 29:1022.
3. Levine, Epstein and Vaughn. 1934. Am. J. Public Health 24:505.
4. Tittsler and Sandholzer. 1937. Am. J. Public Health 27:1240.

Further Information

For further information please contact your local MICROMASTER Representative.



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