



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION SHEET

Potato Dextrose Agar (DM215U) Intended Use

Potato Dextrose Agar (DM215U) is recommended for the cultivation of *yeast & mould* from pharmaceutical products using the microbial limit testing in compliance with USP.

Product Summary and Explanation

A mold is a fungus that grows in the form of multicellular filaments called *hyphae*. Molds are a large and taxonomically diverse number of fungal species where the growth of hyphae results in discoloration and a fuzzy appearance, especially on food. In contrast, fungi that can adopt a single celled growth habit are called yeasts. Yeasts are unicellular, eukaryotic, budding cells that are generally round-to-oval or elongate in shape. They multiply principally by the production of blastoconidia (buds). Yeast colonies are moist and creamy or glabrous to membranous in texture. Yeasts are considered opportunistic pathogens.⁽¹⁾ Yeast and moulds constitute a large and divergent group of microorganisms consisting of several thousand species can cause various degrees of food decomposition. Invasion and growth may occur on virtually any type of food if environmental conditions are not limiting. Some foodborne yeasts and moulds are undesirable because of potential hazards to human and animal health.⁽²⁾

Potato Dextrose Agar is recommended by the American Public Health Association for plate counts of yeasts and molds in the examination of foods and dairy products.^(3,4) It is prepared as per United States Pharmacopeia⁽⁵⁾ and in accordance with the harmonized methodology of USP/BP/EP/JP^(5,6,7,8) for microbial limit tests in pharmaceutical testing. It is also used for stimulating sporulation, for maintaining stock cultures of certain dermatophytes and for differentiation of typical varieties of dermatophytes on the basis of pigment production.⁽⁹⁾

Principles of the Procedure

Potato Dextrose Agar contains potato starch and dextrose which supports luxuriant growth of fungi. Lowering of the pH of the medium to approximately 3.5 with sterile tartaric acid achieves the inhibition of bacterial growth. It is important, however, to avoid heating the medium after it has been acidified because this action results in the hydrolysis of the agar and impairs its ability to solidify.

Formula / Liter

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Infusion from potatoes	200.00
Dextrose	20.00
Agar	15.00
Final pH: 5.6 ± 0.2 at 25°C	
Formula may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications	

Precautions

1. For Laboratory Use only.
2. IRRITANT. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin.

Directions

1. Suspend 39 grams of the medium in one liter of purified water.
2. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.
3. Autoclave at 121°C (15 lbs pressure) for 15 minutes/validated cycle. Mix well before dispensing.
4. In specific work, when pH 3.5 is required, acidify the medium with sterile 10% tartaric acid.
5. The amount of acid required for 100 ml. of sterile, cooled medium is approximately 1 ml.
6. Do not heat the medium after addition of the acid.





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Quality Control Specifications

Dehydrated Appearance	Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder
Prepared Medium	Light amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates
Reaction of % Solution	Not Applicable
Gel Strength	Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

Growth Promotion Test

Growth Promotion was carried out in accordance with the harmonized method of USP, and growth was observed at 20-25°C for specified time. Recovery rate is considered as 100% for fungus growth on Sabouraud Dextrose Agar.

Growth Promoting Properties

Growth of microorganism comparable to that previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs at the specified temperature for not more than the shortest period of time specified inoculating ≤ 100 cfu.

Expected Cultural Response: Cultural characteristics observed after incubation at 20-25 °C for 2-5 days. Recovery rate is considered as 100% for fungus growth on Sabouraud Dextrose Agar.

Sr. No.	Organisms	Results to be achieved				
		Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Observed Lot Value (CFU)	Recovery	Incubation Time & Temp.
	Test strain preparation					
1.	<i>Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC 16404</i>	50-100	luxuriant	25-100	≥ 50 %	20 -25 °C 5-7 days
	Additional Microbiological Testing					
2.	<i>Candida albicans ATCC 10231</i>	50-100	luxuriant	35-100	≥ 70 %	20 -25 °C 2-3 days
3.	<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae ATCC 9763</i>	50-100	luxuriant	35-100	≥ 70 %	30 -35 °C 2-5 days
4.	<i>Rhodotorula mucilaginosa DSM 70403</i>	--	luxuriant	--	--	20 -25 °C 3-5 days
5.	<i>Geotrichum candidum DSM 1240</i>	--	good-luxuriant	--	--	25 -30 °C 3-5 days
6.	<i>Penicillium commune ATCC 10248</i>	--	fair -good	--	--	25 -30 °C 3-5 days
7.	<i>Trichophyton ajelloi ATCC 28454</i>	--	fair -good	--	--	25 -30 °C 3-7 days

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.

Test Procedure

Refer to appropriate references for a complete discussion on the isolation and identification of yeast and molds.

Results

Refer to appropriate references and standard test procedures for interpretation of results.

Storage

Store the sealed bottle containing the dehydrated medium at 10 - 30°C. Once opened and recapped, place container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light.

Expiration

Refer to the expiration date stamped on the container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if the appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.





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Limitations of the Procedure

1. For identification, organisms must be in pure culture. Morphological, biochemical and/or serological tests should be performed for final identification.
2. Consult appropriate texts for detailed information and recommended procedures.

Packaging

Product Name: Potato Dextrose Agar

Product Code : DM215U

Available Pack sizes : 100gm / 500gm

References

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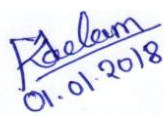
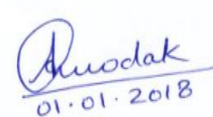



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